Automation of multiplexed 11-Loci HLA NGS Illumina library preparation on the HLA PRO Instrument

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Abstract

Purpose: The goal of this project is to combine the power of a highly multiplexed HLA-typing NGS assay with the precision and flexibility of the HLA PRO Instrument, a general-purpose liquid handling pipettor to automate Illumina library preparation for NGS HLA-typing assays.

Methods: We developed amplicon purification and library preparation scripts for the HLA PRO instrument and tested the performance of these scripts on multiple instruments, with various number samples being processed, and investigated stability (over reagent and upon time freezing/defrosting). The performance of the HLA PRO instrument and script workflows were assessed at multiple stages – amplicons yield, NGS library quality, and finally HLA locus coverage and typing accuracy.

Results: The HLA PRO instrument demonstrated robust performance for NGS library preparation across many conditions – various throughputs, multiple kit uses, and different instruments.

Introduction

Next generation sequencing (NGS) based HLAtyping is a powerful tool that offers unparalleled high quality typing resolution. One of the main challenges with NGS assays are long and sensitive workflows, often spanning multiple days with many steps that require careful attention. To streamline this procedure and alleviate labor demands, we have automated the workflow for an 11-loci (HLA-A, -B, -C, -DRB1, -DRB3,4,5, -DPA1, -DPB1, -DQA1 and -DQB1) NGS library preparation assay on HLA PRO, built on the framework of the Tecan Fluent pipettor instrument.

The HLA PRO can fully automate library preparation for 8 to 96 samples with unique barcodes and common sequences for subsequent amplification at the ends of DNA fragments to be sequenced on the Illumina sequencing platforms.

overview.



Robo gripper

Door lo

Liquid hai

Tip typ

Volum precisi

CV

Accura

Materials

Sample Preparation

Reference DNA samples were selected from genetically diverse, well-characterized samples from the UCLA/Exchange program and the International Histocompatibility Working Group (IHWG). The extracted genomic DNA samples were characterized with Qubit and TapeStation.

Figure 1. HLA PRO deck layout for amplification and library preparation of NGS libraries and system

ndling performance (volume range)						
ocks	Doors (hood and centrifuge) lock protect process from free access					
tic arm	The long Z axis on the gripper arm enable the access to below deck; automatic Finger Exchange System with gripper fingers – eccentric and long eccentric					
	the expected deck layout and highlight any discrepancies.					

ре	10µL	50µL	200µL	350µL	1000µL
ne	0.5μL,	1.0μL	10.0μL	10μL	10μL
ion	10μL	50μL	200μL	200μL	1000μL
	≤6.0%	≤4.0%	≤2.0%	≤2.0%	≤2.0%
	≤1.0	≤0.3%	≤0.2%	≤0.5%	≤0.3%
асу	±9.5%	±8.0%	±2.0%	±2.0%	±3.0%
	±2.0%	±0.5%	±0.5%	±0.5%	±0.0%

Methods

Workflow

NGS libraries for 8, 24, and 96 samples were prepared using the 11-loci HLA NGS kit on the HLA PRO platform following the hybrid workflow in Fig. 2. Multiple runs of the same 24 samples were performed across 2 different HLA PROs on 5 nonconsecutive days. The final sequencing libraries were analyzed using the Agilent TapeStation for fragment size and Qubit for concentration. The libraries were sequenced on Illumina sequencing platforms.

Figure 2. Workflow on HLA PRO platform using the **11-loci HLA NGS typing kit**

1. Amplification and Purification		
HLA 11-loci Amplification Amplicon Purification Quant Amplicon Dilution	on Steps do Steps do	one manually one on HLA-Pro
2. Library Preparation		
Sample Reaction Sample SB Barcoding Stop Pooling Cleanup	Universal Barcoding Sto	ion UB Library Final p Cleanup Amp Cleanup
3. QC		Ι_Π_
Final Library Quantification Fragment sizing Preparation for sequencing		
	Sequencing MiSeq (24 hr)	Data transfer and analyses

Data Analysis

The barcode balance, locus coverage, and allele balance were analyzed for each sequencing run to ensure performance. HLA typing was generated with the TypeStream Visual (TSV) software, and sample concordance was determined with independently verified reference typing.

Results

The automated library preparation generated high quality libraries with concentrations greater than 5 ng/µL. Sequencing depth was greater than 200 for key exons, which along with exon 1 coverage to resolve additional ambiguities, resulted in 11 HLA loci typing that was >99% concordant to the third field across all samples tested.

Multiple freeze thaws for library preparation reagents had no impact on library quality or sequencing results, indicating that this process can be adapted for various use configurations.

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Table 1. Results of 8, 24, and 96 sample library preparation on HLA PRO

Metrics/Sample Size	8	24	96
Amplicon Concentration (ng/µL)	> 5	> 5	> 5
Avg. Library Size (bp)	737	697	723
Avg. Library Concentration (ng/µL)	16.2	21.2	16.2
Barcode %CV	14%	19%	29%
Avg. Exon 2 Depth Uniformity	22%	24%	37%
Avg. Exon 2 Coverage per Locus	> 200	>200	>200
Avg. Exon 2 Allele Balance	>0.2	>0.2	>0.2
3 rd Field Concordance	100%	100%	100%

Conclusions

The HLA PRO Instrument and workflow scripts automate multiplexed-amplicon purification and library preparation to deliver high quality libraries for 11 HLA loci and exon 1 in under 8 hours. This flexible platform allows for library preparation for as few as 8 or as many as 96 samples and creates libraries that are fully compatible with Illumina sequencers.

This workflow dramatically reduces hands on time for NGS library preparation, while consistently generating high-quality and high-resolution HLA typing data.

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