

Evaluation of the DiSC® Assessment Tool in a First-Year Pharmacy Healthcare Communication Course

Maria Charbonneau, PharmD; Kimberly A. Pesaturo, PharmD, BCPS Western New England University College of Pharmacy – Springfield, MA



Background

- •Personal assessments can help improve teamwork, communication, and productivity by enhancing understanding of self and others.¹
- •The DiSC assessment is a type of personal assessment tool comprised of four main personality profiles and includes natural inclination and situational adapted styles²:
- •(D)ominance: Someone primarily in the 'D quadrant' is results-focused, confident, blunt, outspoken, and demanding.
- •(i)nfluence: Someone primarily in the 'i quadrant' is influential, persuasive, enthusiastic, optimistic, open, trusting, and energetic.
- •(S)teadiness: Someone primarily in the 'S quadrant' is cooperative, sincere, loyal, dependable, calm, and deliberate.
- •(C)onscientiousness: Someone primarily in the 'C quadrant' is independent, detail-oriented, and quality and accuracy-driven.
- •Most tend to fall into one or two main DiSC quadrants (Figure 1).

Objectives

- Identify Doctor of Pharmacy (PharmD) student perceptions and expectations of the DiSC assessment.
- Determine correlation between DiSC natural and adapted traits.

Methods

- First-year PharmD. students in a required healthcare communications course completed a baseline assessment (Table 1) followed by a survey (Table 2) before and after taking a DiSC assessment seminar.
- The seminar encompassed an untimed DiSC assessment, receipt of personal results, and a trainer-led follow-up session.
- Survey questions focused on DiSC perceptions, familiarity, usefulness, impact, and value.
- Pre-assessment hypothesis assumed significant correlation between DiSC-natural and -adapted results.
- Pre-post data were evaluated with paired T-tests, and Spearman's Rho was used for correlations (Microsoft Excel v.16.70).

Results

Figure 1: DiSC Assessment Quadrants

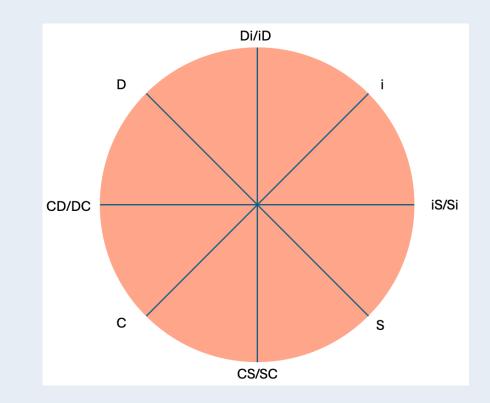


Table 1: Pre-survey baseline assessment

Question	Pre-survey (n, %)
I have previously completed a DiSC	Yes: 0 (0%)
survey.	No: 30 (100%)
Which of the following categories do	Dominance: 2 (6.7%)
you consider to be a PRIMARY	Influence: 5 (16.7%)
personality trait for you? (choose	Steadiness:7 (23.3%)
one).	Conscientiousness: 16 (53.3%)
Which of the following categories do	Dominance: 4 (13.3%)
you consider to be your SECOND	Influence: 4 (13.3%)
MOST predominate personality trait?	Steadiness: 14 (46.7%)
(choose one).	Conscientiousness: 8 (26.7%)

Table 2: Pre-post survey

Items 1 – 12 are ranked on a Likert scale:	Pre-survey results	p-value		
5 – strongly agree, 4 – agree, 3 – neither agree nor disagree, 2	Post-survey results			
– disagree, 1 – strongly disagree	(mean ± standard deviation)			
 I enjoy learning about aspects of my personality through 	4 ± 0.89	0.005		
assessment instruments.	4.37 ± 0.66			
I plan to take my DiSC assessment seriously.	4.5 ± 0.56	0.448		
	4.4 ± 0.66			
I am familiar with the DiSC assessment.	1.55 ± 1.04	0.000		
	3.97 ± 0.98			
4. I feel that the DiSC assessment will be a useful tool in	3.6 ± 0.71	0.002		
understanding my personality traits.	4.07 ± 0.77			
5. I find standardized trait assessment tools to be helpful in	3.5 ± 1.06	0.014		
my understanding of self-behavior.	3.97 ± 0.84			
6. The DiSC assessment is an important tool for healthcare	3.53 ± 0.76	0.118		
providers.	3.8 ± 0.87			
7. The DiSC assessment can help me learn more about my	3.5 ± 0.92	0.004		
peers.	4.1 ± 0.79			
8. Knowing my DiSC results will likely increase my	3.5 ± 0.81	0.062		
professional self-confidence.	3.87 ± 0.92			
The DiSC assessment results are likely to influence my	3.73 ± 0.81	0.059		
understanding of my strengths and areas of improvement.	4.03 ± 0.66			
10. The DiSC assessment results are likely to play a role in	3.67 ± 0.83	0.610		
how I communicate with my colleagues.	3.77 ± 1.02			
11. The DiSC assessment results are likely to help me find my	3.6 ± 0.95	0.161		
"place" in a team environment.	3.87 ± 0.92			
12. The DiSC assessment results are likely to help me identify	3.6 ± 0.88	0.283		
personal struggles and weaknesses before they manifest	3.93 ± 1.09			
in external environments.				

Table 3: Correlation between natural and adapted styles

	D - ADAPTED	D - NATURAL	I - ADAPTED	I - NATURAL	S - ADAPTED	S - NATURAL	C - ADAPTED	C - NATURAL
Average	31.90	38.07	50.33	43.50	65.17	59.77	57.97	63.57
Std Dev	17.18	15.14	28.75	27.11	15.71	17.40	21.47	18.64
Correlation Rs		0.50		0.79		0.22		0.52
p-value		0.004		0.000		0.236		0.003

Results cont.

- Thirty students completed a paired survey and reported DiSC results.
- Participants demonstrated statistically significant improvement in agreement in enjoyment, familiarity, self-understanding, self-behavior, and peer assessment (p<0.05).
- In the natural environment, participants were most likely to exhibit conscientious and influence traits (n=14 and n=18, respectively).
- Significant correlation was observed between the dominance, influence, and conscientiousness adapted and natural traits (rs=0.5, p = 0.004; rs=0.79, p<0.001; and rs=0.52, p=0.003, respectively, Table 3).

Conclusions

- The DiSC seminar resulted in improved student perception of DiSC use, purpose, and self-impact.
- PharmD students were most likely to exhibit conscientiousness, steadiness, and influence as predominant traits.
- Dominance, influence, and conscientiousness were significantly correlated between natural and adapted environments.

Implications

- Incorporating DiSC seminars into pharmacy education may be beneficial for students' self-awareness and interpersonal skills development.
- Predominant traits prevalence among PharmD. students may inform curriculum design, career guidance, and team dynamics.
- The significant correlation of dominance, influence, and conscientiousness between natural and adapted environments implies consistency in behaviors and potential for targeted personal growth development or adaptation skills training.
- Understanding personality traits in future pharmacists may influence patient interactions, and collaboration and problem-solving approaches with healthcare teams.

References

- Gordon, Kimberley A., et al. Linking behavioral styles of leaders to organizational success: using the DISC model to grow behavioral awareness. IJAVET 2019;10(1):40-59. http://doi.org/10.4018/IJAVET.2019010104
- 2. DiSC styles. Personality Profile Solutions, LLC. www.discprofiles.com/disc-styles/. Accessed 20 June 2024.