A Probiotic Product Claim Exercise Integrating Natural Medicine and Drug Literature Evaluation Skills

BACKGROUND

- Natural supplements, such as vitamins, herbals, or even probiotic strains are increasingly being used by patients to address a variety of medical needs.¹
- Dietary supplements do not require Federal Drug Administration (FDA) approval before being marketed and sold and are minimally evaluated in the primary literature.² Therefore, a challenge is posed for pharmacists to address patient questions related to these products and their health-related claims.³
- A select number of active learning interventions are reported in the literature from doctor of pharmacy (Pharm.D.) programs,⁴⁻⁶ yet an opportunity remains to reinforce biomedical gap specifically in the area of probiotic product claims.
- A manufacturer's claim intervention was designed for second-year student pharmacists enrolled in both a Natural Medicines and Biomedical Literature Evaluation course to exercise relevant skills in a probiotic context.

OBJECTIVE

• The objective of this study is to evaluate the impact of an active learning classroom experience that involved students practice acquired skills in the context of a probiotic product claim inquiry.

METHODS

- The Lipscomb University Institutional Review Board approved this project. Twenty-five second-year student pharmacists participated in the research associated with evaluating the learning exercise.
- On the day of class, student engaged in a baseline survey to capture knowledge of databases appropriate for supplements and natural medicine products like probiotics and perceptions like confidence and importance to the pharmacy profession.
- In groups, students assessed the safety and efficacy of a probiotic product from a provided list using a slideset template. Groups evaluated the manufacturer's claim by using appropriate resources and primary literature as supportive evidence. Student groups compiled the product profile and delivered a speed presentation to the class.
- An evaluation survey was administered at the end of the exercise and changes from the baseline survey were analyzed in Excel using descriptive statistics.



Gabriella Young¹, Sarah P. Collier, Ph.D.^{1,2}, Jonathon Pouliot, Pharm.D.,M.S.,BCPS^{1,2}, and James W. Torr II, Pharm.D.,M.S.^{1,2} ¹Lipscomb University College of Pharmacy, ²Department of Practice and Pharmaceutical Sciences, Nashville, TN 37204



RESULTS

• Students reported an high degree of confidence in all listed resources. Figure 3. Student's Perceived Importance (A) and Value (B) for Pharmacists to Use Validated Resources to Evaluate Probiotic Products.



profession.

Table 1. Evaluation of Probiotic Manufacturer's Claim Validation Activity.

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Neither Agree or Disagree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	TOTAL
The probiotic manufacturer's claim validation activity was						
interesting to me.	10 (40%)	10 (40%)	3 (12%)	1 (4%)	1 (4%)	25 (100%)
useful to me.	11 (44%)	8 (32%)	6 (24%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	25 (100%)
challenging to me.	9 (36%)	6 (24%)	7 (28%)	3 (12%)	0 (0%)	25 (100%)
an enjoyable way to spend class time.	10 (40%)	8 (32%)	4 (16%)	2 (8%)	1 (4%)	25 (100%)
relevant to my training as a pharmacist.	14 (56%)	9 (36%)	2 (8%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	25 (100%)
translatable to my work in patient care.	14 (56%)	9 (36%)	2 (8%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	25 (100%)
This class experience/exercise						
made me think about probiotics in a different way.	11 (44%)	10 (40%)	3 (12%)	1 (4%)	0 (0%)	25 (100%)
helped me practice my bioliterature evaluation skills.	12 (48%)	10 (40%)	3 (12%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	25 (100%)
think about about supplements in a different way.	11 (44%)	9 (36%)	5 (20%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	25 (100%)
directly impacted my future as a pharmacist.	11 (44%)	11 (44%)	2 (8%)	1 (4%)	0 (0%)	25 (100%)
taught me a new skill.	12 (48%)	10 (40%)	1 (4%)	2 (8%)	0 (0%)	25 (100%)
should be repeated again.	10 (40%)	7 (28%)	5 (20%)	2 (8%)	1 (4%)	25 (100%)

- experience as positive.
- 96% of the students agreed that the probiotic manufacturer's claim validation activity was translatable to their work in patient care
- 88% of students found direct impact to their future as a pharmacist and 68% of the students agreed the exercise should be repeated.

CONCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- profession.
- Positive feedback from participants further solidifies the value of incorporating such experiential learning activities into pharmacy education.
- Final practice destination may influence the perceived value and importance for individuals that do not imagine probiotic access being prevalent in their destined practice setting.
- A significant limitation to this study is the number of participants from a single College of Pharmacy participating making broader conclusions difficult.

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EVALUATION

• Most participants evaluated the probiotic manufacturer's claim validation activity and overall class

• The probiotic exercise not only facilitated improvements in database utilization skills but also stimulated critical thinking and appreciation for evidence-based practices within the pharmacy

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